

Environmental

Education Programme

Memorandum

Herbivores

- 1. Herbivores are animals whose primary food source is <u>PLANT</u> based. These animals have <u>DIGESTIVE</u> systems capable of digesting large amounts of <u>PLANT</u> material.
- 2. Duikers are easy to identify by the <u>TUFT OF HAIR</u> in between the horns of the males.
- 3. Grey Rhebuck practice <u>POLYGYNY (POLYGAMY)</u> where herds of about 15 females and young will only have one mature male.
- 4. What gives the Cape Grysbok its name?

THE MIX OF BROWN AND WHITE HAIR IN ITS COAT.

- 5. Klipspringers are very agile, and they walk on the tips of their CYLINDRIC hooves.
- 6. Porcupines are
- A) Largest rodent in the world.
 - B) LARGEST RODENT IN AFRICA
 - C) Nice and soft to cuddle with.
- 7. The Smith's Red Rock Hare practices <u>COPROPHAGE</u> which means they eat their own droppings to make sure that they utilized all the nutrients in their food.
- 8. OWN INTERPRETATION

9. Name these animals



COMMON DUIKER



PORCUPINE



GREY RHEBUCK



SCRUB HARE



KLIPSPRINGER

The Cape Leopard Trust Environmental Education Project facilitates experiences in nature that change the way young people see themselves and feel about protecting the environment. Our aim is to educate and empower young people through connecting them with nature and instilling an attitude of reverence and respect for the natural environment. To find out more about our work visit our website.

www.capeleopard.org.za